





Standardized and Improved Pre-analytical Workflows: Crucial for Reliable Diagnostics, Research and Biobanking

ISBER 2018 Annual Meeting

Dallas, May 24th 2018





Deficiencies in Routine Healthcare and Research demand for Improvements





Diagnostic errors cause about 10% of all patient deaths and about 17% of adverse events

Institute of Medicine (IOM) Report Sept. 2015

Pre-analytical phase accounts for 46% to 68% of clinical laboratory errors

Medical Laboratory Observer, May 2014

 Unnecessary expenditure caused by preanalytical errors in a typical U.S. hospital (~ 650 beds) of ~ \$1.2 million per year

Green SF. Clin Biochem. 2013

➤ Irreproducible preclinical research exceeds 50%, US \$28B / year spent on preclinical research that is not reproducible - in the US

Freedman LP, Cockburn IM, Simcoe TS (2015) PLoS Biol 13(6): e1002165.doi:10.1371/journal.pbio.1002165



Sample-to-Insight Diagnostic Workflows





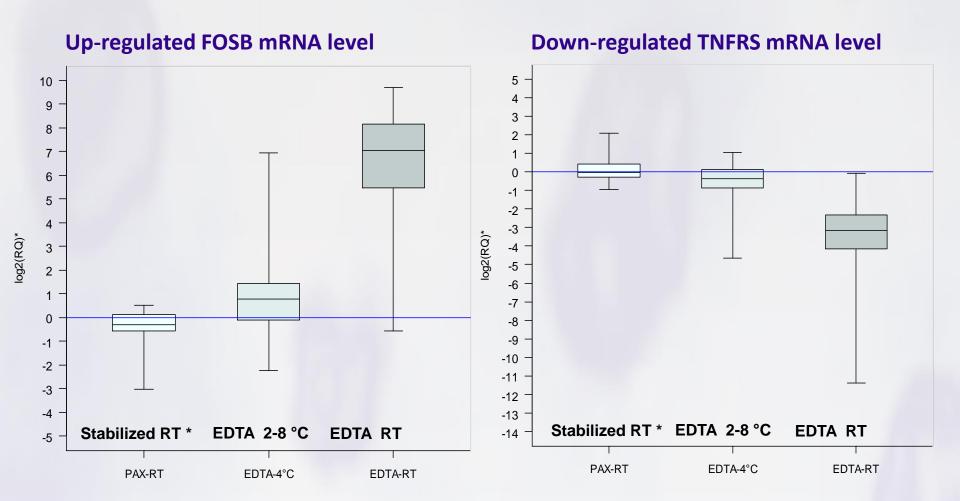
European Conference. Standards: Your Innovation Bridge. Brussels (2014). SPIDIA Booth.







Changes of Blood Cellular RNA Profile:48 Hours After Collection



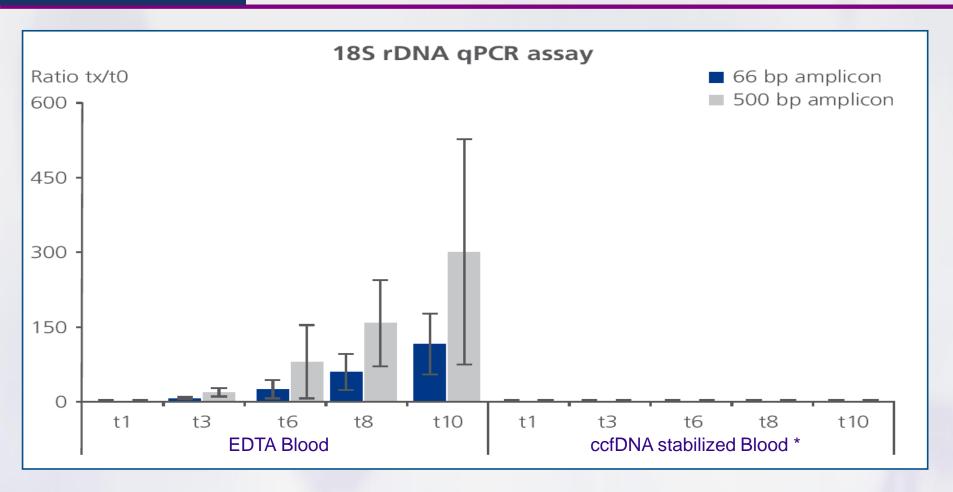
^{*} PAXgene Blood RNA

Malentacchi F et al. (2014). SPIDIA-RNA: Second External Quality Assessment for the Pre-Analytical Phase of Blood Samples Used for RNA Based Analyses. PLoS ONE 9(11): e112293.

Zhan H et al. (2014). Biomarkers for Monitoring Pre-Analytical Quality Variation of mRNA in Blood Samples. . PLoS ONE 9(11): e111644.



Pre-analytical Impacts on Blood ccfDNA Profiles



^{*} PAXgene Blood ccfDNA Tube

Andrea Ullius^{1,2}, Joachim Bonnet³, Wera Hofmann³, Markus Stumm⁴, Nadine Dettmann^{1,2}, Katharina Pfaff^{1,2}, Franziska Heese^{1,2} and Daniel Grölz^{1,2}. ¹QIAGEN GmbH, Hilden, Germany; ¹PreAnalytiX GmbH, Hombrechtikon, Switzerland; ³LifeCodexx AG, Konstanz, Germany;

⁴ Centre for Prenatal Diagnostics and Human Genetics, Berlin, Germany

Two Major Efforts for Improvements

■ **Technologies** for securing high quality samples

International Standards for pre-analytical workflows



New Technologies and Standards for Pre-analytical Workflows

SPIDIA – FP7 (2008 – 2013)

- ⇒ 16 Partners
- New technologies for sample collection, stabilization, processing, transport, storage (Blood, Tissues)
- 9 EU CEN Standards

SPIDIA4P – H2020 (2017 – 2020)

- ⇒ 19 Partners
- ⇒ 14 associated consortia & stakeholders
- 13 additional new CEN & ISO Standards
- EQAs
- European implementation

www.spidia.eu ⇒ subscribe the Newsletter!

The SPIDIA project has received funding under the Seventh Research Framework Program of the European Union, FP7-HEALTH-2007-1.2.5, under grant agreement no. 222916. The SPIDIA4P project receives funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement no. 733112.



SPIDIA's Road to Standardization





2017: Progressing to ISO/FDIS

 2014: 8 new projects for ISO Standards approved in ISO/TC 212 "Clinical laboratory testing and in vitro diagnostic test systems"



2015: 9 CEN Technical Specifications published

2013: 9 new projects approved in CEN/TC 140 "In vitro diagnostic medical devices"

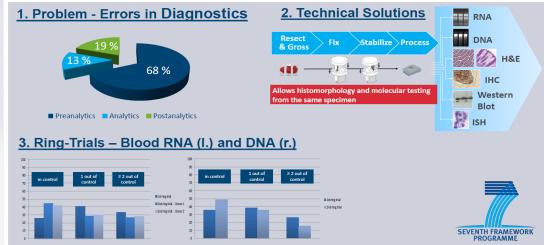
2010: Start of standardization work



European Conference. Standards: Your Innovation Bridge. Brussels (2014). SPIDIA Booth.









Twofold Role of ISO & CEN Standards





Traditional Role of Standards

- Source of technical know-how
- Trade facilitation and opening of markets
- Providing a scientific basis for legislation in the health, safety and environment sectors

Valued-added role for research and innovation

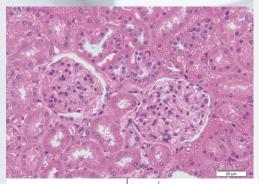
- Speeding up innovation by providing the requisite knowledge base (technology transfer)
- New ideas, technologies and products benefit from standardization to get into the marketplace and to be successful

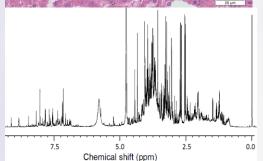


9 CEN Technical Specifications released in Europe in 2015 / 16









- Molecular in-vitro diagnostic examinations Specifications for pre-examination processes for
 - blood Cellular RNA
 - blood Genomic DNA
 - blood Circulating cell free DNA
 - FFPE tissue DNA
 - FFPE tissue RNA
 - FFPE tissue Proteins
 - frozen tissue RNA
 - frozen tissue Proteins
 - metabolomics in urine, serum and plasma
- ⇒ Professional societies and organizations play a central role in implementation (e.g. BBMRI-ERIC, ESP, EFLM, MedTech etc.)



CEN/TS 16835-3 - Pre-examination Process for Blood ccfDNA

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

CEN/TS 16835-3

SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE

TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

October 2015

ICS 11.100.30

English Version

Molecular in vitro diagnostic examinations - Specifications for pre-examination processes for venous whole blood -Part 3: Isolated circulating cell free DNA from plasma

Tests de diagnostic moléculaire in vitro - Spécifications relatives aux processus pré-analytiques pour le sang total veineux - Partie 3: ADN libre circulant extrait du plasma Molekularanalytische in-vitro-diagnostische Verfahren - Spezifikationen für präanalytische Prozesse für venöse Vollblutproben - Teil 3: Aus Plasma isolierte zirkulierende zellfreie DNS

This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 31 August 2015 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

CEN members are required to announce the existence of this CEN/TS in the same way as for an EN and to make the CEN/TS available promptly at national level in an appropriate form. It is permissible to keep conflicting national standards in force (in parallel to the CEN/TS) until the final decision about the possible conversion of the CEN/TS into a live reached.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.





EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

© 2015 CEN All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved

worldwide for CEN national Members.



CEN/TS 16835-3 - Pre-examination Process for Blood ccfDNA



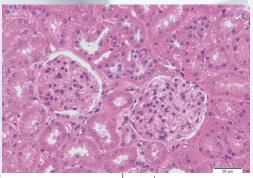
Introduction		4
1	Scope	5
2	Normative references	5
3	Terms and definitions	5
4	General considerations	7
5	Outside the laboratory	7
5.1	Primary venous whole blood collection manual	7
5.1.1	Information about the primary sample donor	7
5.1.2	Selection of the venous whole blood collection tube by the laboratory	8
5.1.3	Primary venous whole blood collection from the patient and stabilization	
	procedures	8
5.1.4	Information on the primary blood sample and storage requirements at the blood collection facility	9
5.2	Transport requirements	9
6	Inside the laboratory	10
6.1	Primary sample reception	10
6.2	Storage requirements for venous whole blood sample	
6.3	Plasma preparation	
6.4	Storage requirements for plasma sample	10
6.5	Isolation of the ccfDNA	
6.6	Quality assessment and quantity measurement of isolated ccfDNA	12
6.7	Storage of isolated ccfDNA	
Anne	A (informative) Influence of isolation procedures on ccfDNA fragments' lengths	
	distribution pattern in plasma samples	13

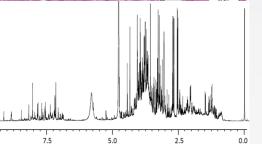
European foreword.......3



SPIDIA4P - More Standards, EQAs and **Support Tools to come**

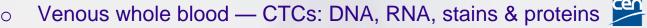






Chemical shift (ppm)

... pre-examination processes for





Venous whole blood – Exosomes: nucleic acids; ccfRNA 0



Urine & other body fluids – cfDNA 0



Saliva – Human DNA 👺



Saliva and stool – Microbiome DNA 0



Frozen Tissue – DNA 👺



Fine Needle Aspirates (FNAs) – DNA, RNA, proteins 0



FFPE Tissue – in situ stainings incl. IHC ISO 0



Metabolomics of body fluids: ISO Standard



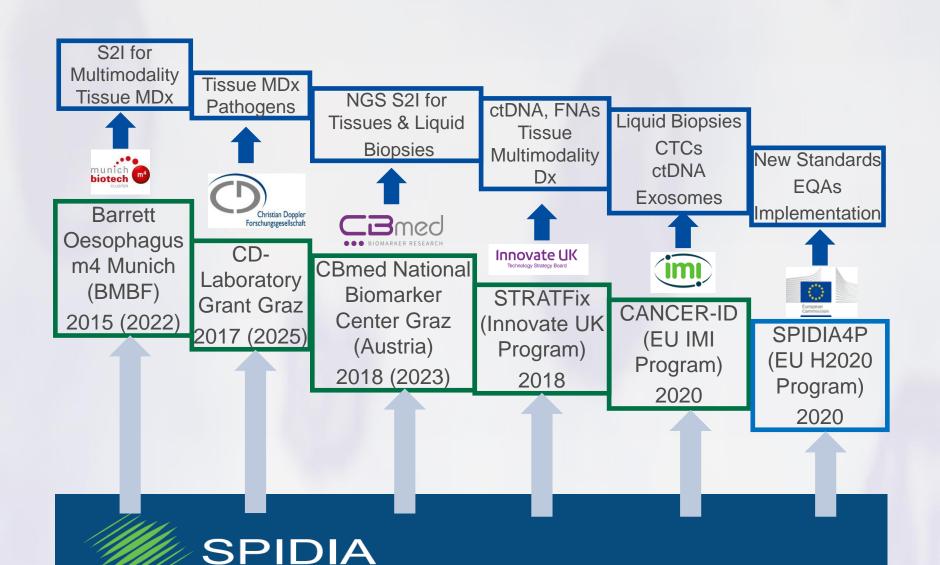
... plus control tools (EQA schemes)

... plus implementation tools

... plus proof of commercial success (SMEs, e.g. Inivata Ltd.)



International Grant Consortia Network on Diagnostic Workflow Technologies & Standardization





New In Vitro Diagnostic Regulations 2017

➤ New European In Vitro Diagnostic Regulation in force since May 2017

- Also pre-analytical workflow parameters become mandatory (IVDR)
 - 6. PRODUCT VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION (Annex II)
 - 6.1. Information on analytical performance of the device
 - 6.1.1. Specimen type

This Section shall describe the different specimen types that can be analysed, including their stability such as storage, where applicable specimen transport conditions and, with a view to time-critical analysis methods, information on the timeframe between taking the specimen and its analysis and storage conditions such as duration, temperature limits and freeze/thaw cycles



Role of Standards and Technologies



EU IVDR – In-vitro-Diagnostic Device Regulation



Pre-analytical workflow parameters















EN ISO & CEN Standards











SOPs











Technologies & Products



Pre-analytical Workflow - Same Standards for all Segments



Biobanks

- Source for high quality samples
- ⇒ BBMRI-ERIC plays a central role

Biomedical & Translational Research

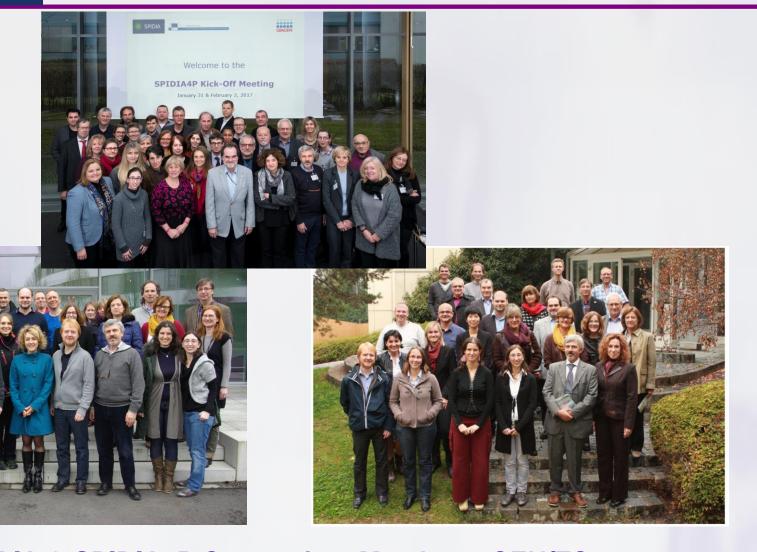
- Academia
- Pharma industry
- Diagnostic Industry

Diagnostics

- High sample quality is the safe way
- Analytical assay might tolerate lower quality or not ⇒ Validation studies



A big Thank You goes to . . .



... to the SPIDIA & SPIDIA4P Consortium Members, CEN/TC 140, ISO/TC 212 and all European and International Partners!



Questions?

